

- I=0.71mA/bunch File:438 Vert Fdbk@400
- I=1.33mA/bunch File:439 Vert Fdbk@400

12 Wigglers On





Bunch



Bunch



Non-uniform bunch current along the 45 bunch train at high current.



FFT Vertical position I<sub>e</sub>=0.25mA/bunch File:572 e- 12 wigglers on Vert. Fdbck@0

Standard Deviation of Vertical Position (nnn)



Bunch



Low I with vertical feedback off:

- •Vertical position oscillation occurs at bunch 12 (f<sub>osc</sub>=237.8kHz) and the oscillation amplitude correlates with FFT power.
- •The oscillation dies out near the end of the train (~bunch 40).



FFT Power



FFT  $\sigma_v I_{e}$ =0.25mA/bunch File:572 e- 12 wigglers on Vert. Fdbck@0





•  $\sigma_v$  growth along the train starts at ~bunch 10. Two oscillation frequencies are presents in the beam spectrum at  $f_{osc}$ =237.8kHz (0.391 cycles/turn) and 305.3kHz (0.218 cycles/turn).

•A broad beam spectrum is observed for bunches 25 and 34 which correlates with the peak in  $\sigma_{v}$ .



FFT Vertical position I<sub>e</sub>=0.25mA/bunch File:574 e- 12 wigglers on Vert. Fdbck@400



e- 12 Wigglers On

Bunch



At low I with vertical feedback

• Vertical position oscillation occurs later in the train (~bunch 26) and the oscillation amplitude correlates with FFT power (fosc=238.1kHz) but with a reduced amplitude.

• Again, the oscillation dies out near the end of the train (~bunch 44).



FFT Power



•  $\sigma_v$  growth along the train starts at ~bunch 22. Three oscillation frequencies are presents in the beam spectrum at  $f_{osc}$ =238.1kHz (0.390 cycles/turn), 304.5kHz (0.22 cycles/turn), and 359.2kHz (0.08cycles/turn). Maximum  $\sigma_v$  correlates with maximum vertical oscillation amplitude.

• Wide frequency spectrum is not as evident with feedback on.







Bunch



• Vertical position oscillation occurs at ~bunch 26 in the FFT. The oscillation amplitude increases with FFT power

•Two oscillation frequencies are present, f<sub>osc</sub>=237.8kHz (0.391cycles/turn) and 207.7kHz (0.468cycles/turn).









Bunch

- $\sigma_v$  growth along the train starts at two locations, at bunch 15, and bunch 30. Many oscillation frequencies are presents in the beam spectrum.
- At higher current,  $\sigma_v$  growth along the train starts earlier and has a steeper slope.  $\sigma_v$ (I=0.75mA/bunch) >  $\sigma_v$ (I=0.25mA/bunch)







FFT Vertical position I<sub>e-</sub>=1.25mA/bunch File:555 e- 12 wigglers on Vert. Fdbck@400



Bunch

Increased current with vertical feedback on:



 The vertical position oscillation amplitude increased. The oscillation amplitude correlates with FFT power.

 The vertical position initially decreases. At ~bunch 26 the vertical position

At ~bunch 26 the vertical position increases. •Two oscillation frequencies are present,  $f_{osc}$ =237.4kHz (0.392 cycles/turn) and  $f_{osc}$ =237.4kHz (0.392 cycles/turn) and 207.3kHz (0.469 cycles/turn).





-0~4~0~~~00111245161800012225282828282866444444

Bunch

•  $\sigma_v$  growth along the train has two slopes: 1) gradual increase-bunches 1-29 (coincides with vertical position decrease). 2) steeper slope-bunches 30-45 (coincides with vertical position increase).

- Several oscillation frequencies are presents in the beam spectrum.
- $\sigma_v$  is larger at low current (I=0.75mA/bunch) than at high current (I=1.25mA/bunch).



 $\sigma_v$  movie



## Summary e- vertical dynamics with 12 wigglers on

- The vertical tune shift along the 45 bunch train is positive.
- The vertical position oscillation is always present (even with vertical feedback on). The oscillation amplitude correlates with FFT power.
- $\sigma_v$  growth along the 45 bunch train is observed at all bunch currents with feedback on and off. Vertical feedback reduces the  $\sigma_v$  growth along the train and shifts the growth to a later point in the train. The vertical position oscillation correlates with  $\sigma_v$  growth.



e- comparison of  $\sigma_{\rm v}$  with wigglers on/off

 $\bullet\,\sigma_{\!\scriptscriptstyle v}$  blow-up occurs earlier with 12 at wigglers on.

•The equilibrium  $\sigma_{\!_{V}}$  is larger with 12 wigglers on.

•  $\sigma_v$ (12 wigglers) >  $\sigma_v$ (6 wigglers on/off).

•  $\sigma_{\rm v}$  growth occurs earlier with 12 wigglers on.

•  $\sigma_v$ (12 wigglers) >  $\sigma_v$ (6 wigglers on/off).

• Initially,  $\sigma_v(12 \text{ wigglers on}) > \sigma_v(6 \text{ wigglers on/off}).$ 

•  $\sigma_v$  growth along the train occurs roughly at the same location (~bunch 31).

•  $\sigma_{\rm v}$  growth rate with 6 wigglers on/off is greater than with 12 wigglers on.

