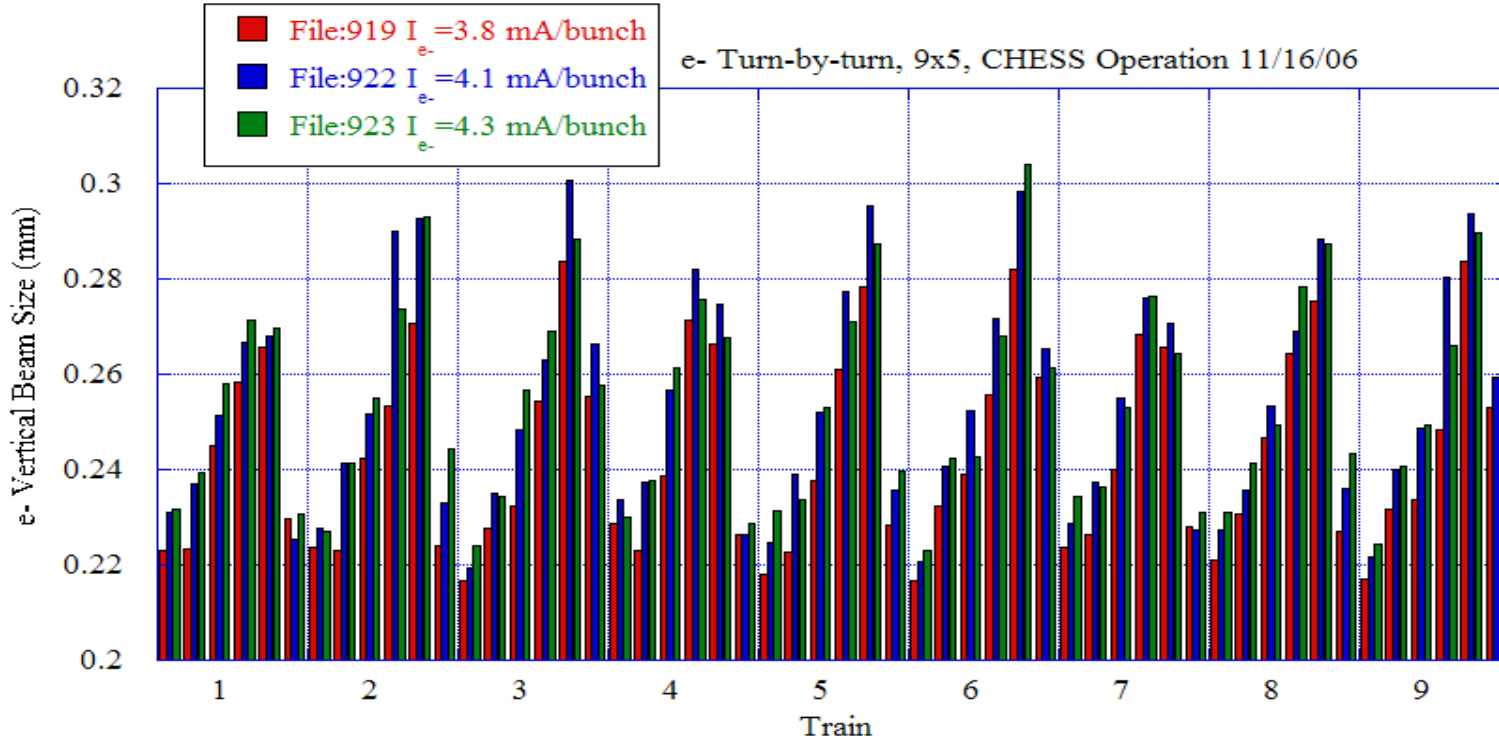


e- Turn-by-turn, 9x5, CHESS Operation 11/16/06



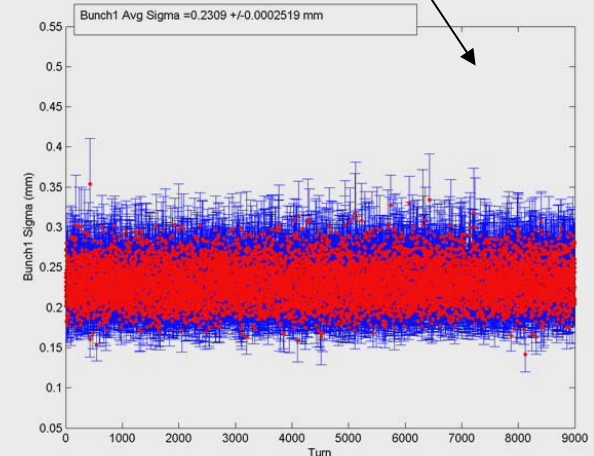
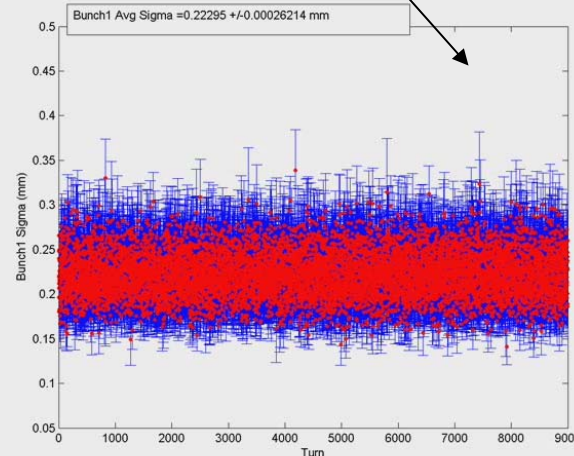
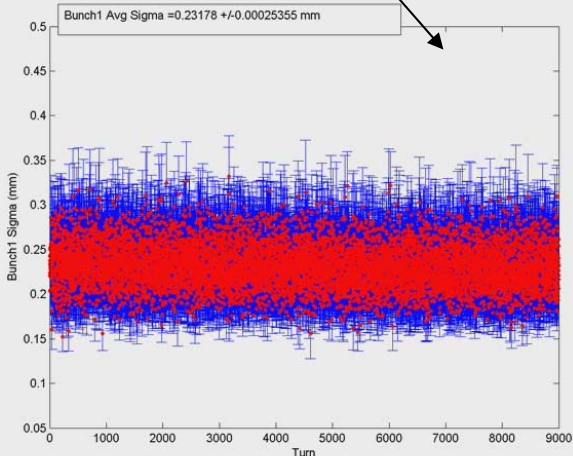
e- σ_v along the train

- σ_v 9,000 turns for 54 bunches.
- Vertical beam size growth along each train.

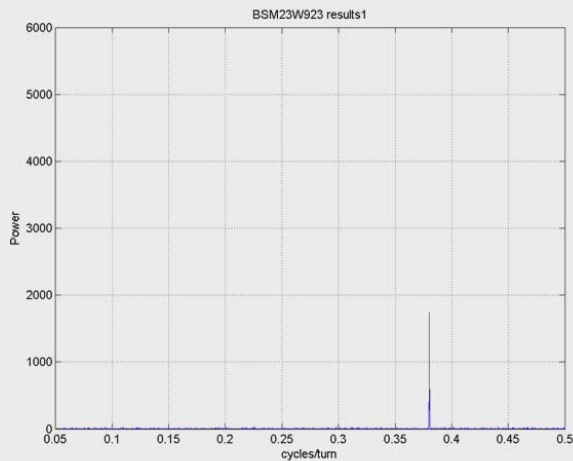
High I File:923
 $I_{e^-} = 4.3$ mA/bunch (movie)

Medium I File:922
 $I_{e^-} = 4.1$ mA/bunch (movie)

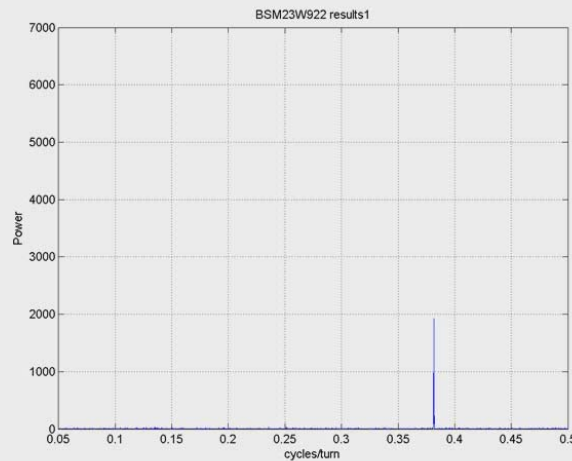
Low I File:919
 $I_{e^-} = 3.8$ mA/bunch (movie)



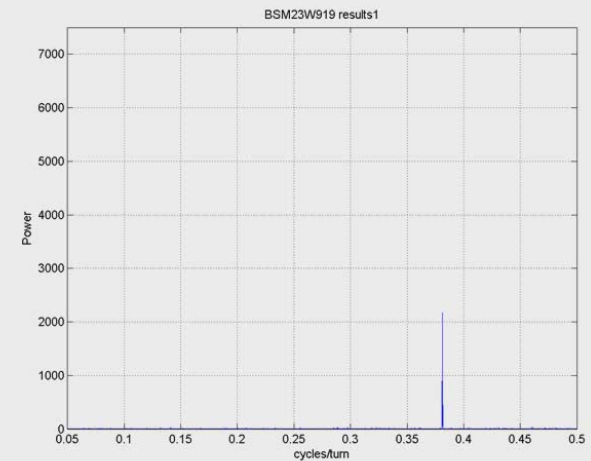
e- high frequency σ_v oscillation frequency-FFT of σ_v for 9,000 turns



High I File:923
 $I_{e^-}=4.3\text{mA/bunch}$ (movie)

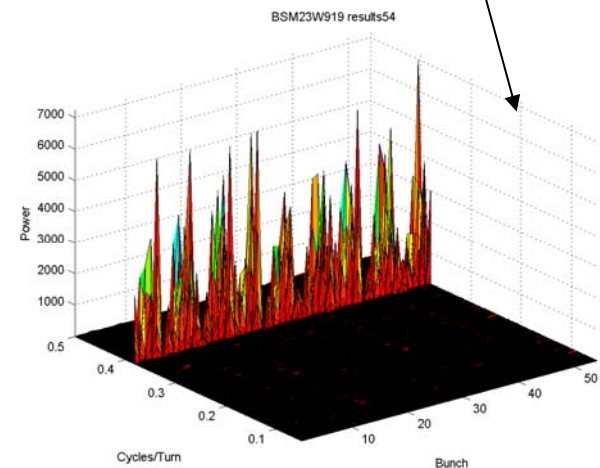
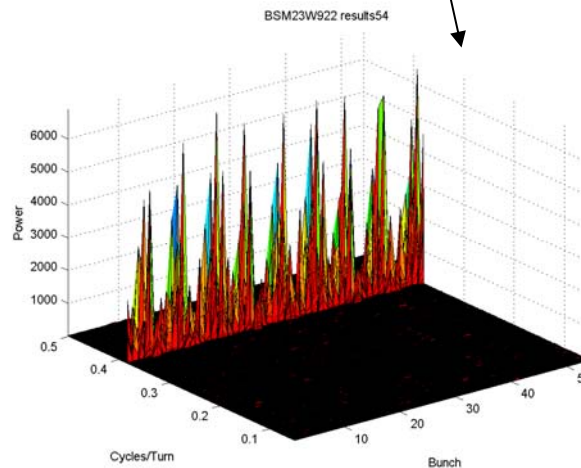
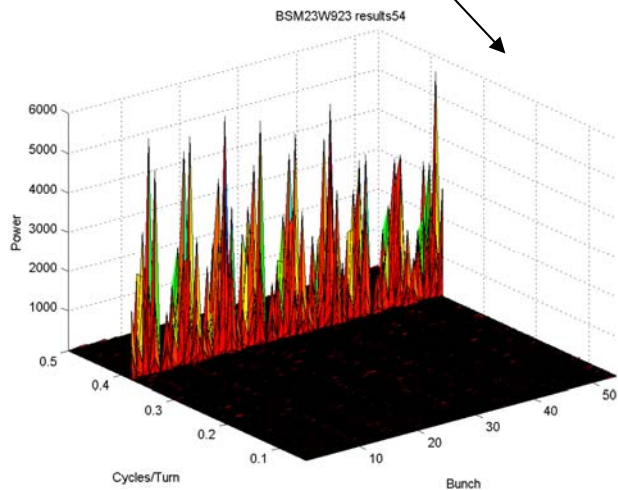


Medium I File:922
 $I_{e^-}=4.1\text{mA/bunch}$ (movie)

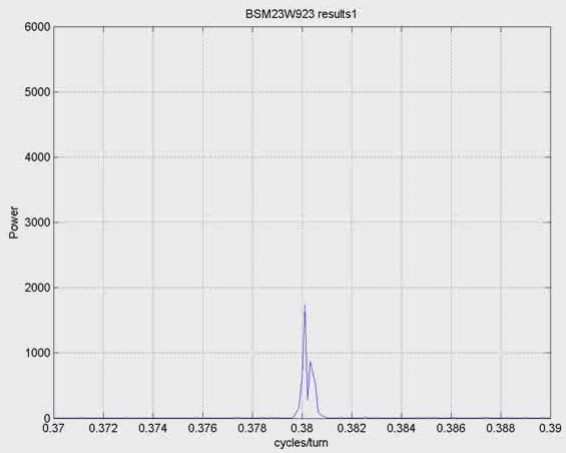


Low I File:919
 $I_{e^-}=3.8\text{mA/bunch}$ (movie)

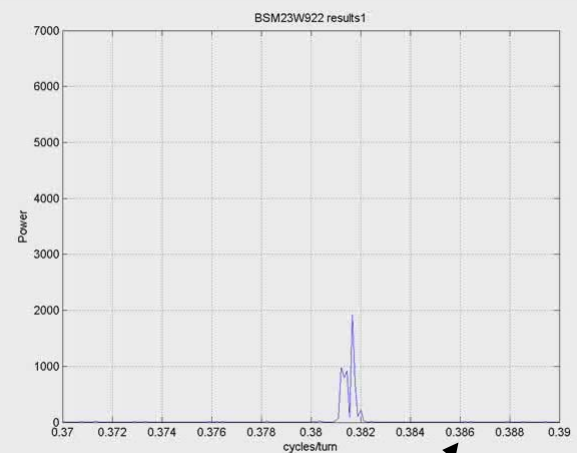
- FFT of σ_v for all 54 bunches
- Strong σ_v oscillation signal.



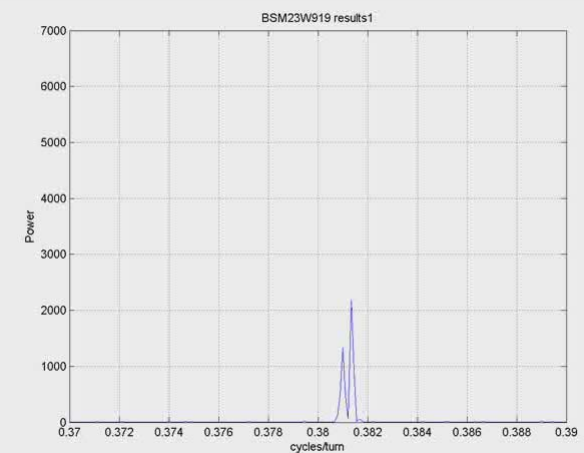
e- high frequency σ_v oscillation frequency-FFT of σ_v -Close up of the oscillation frequency $f_{\text{oscillation}}$



High I File:923
 $I_{e^-}=4.3\text{mA/bunch}$ (movie)

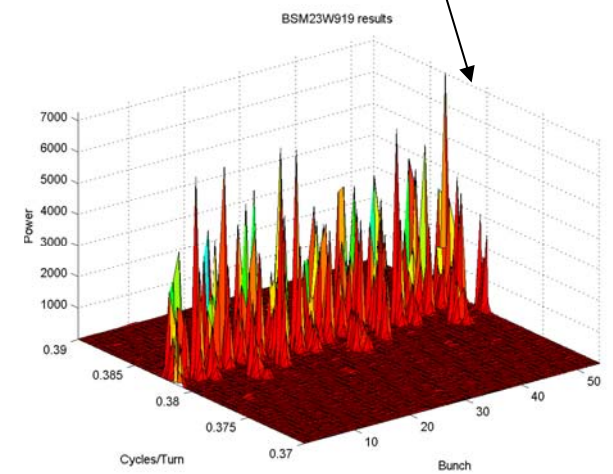
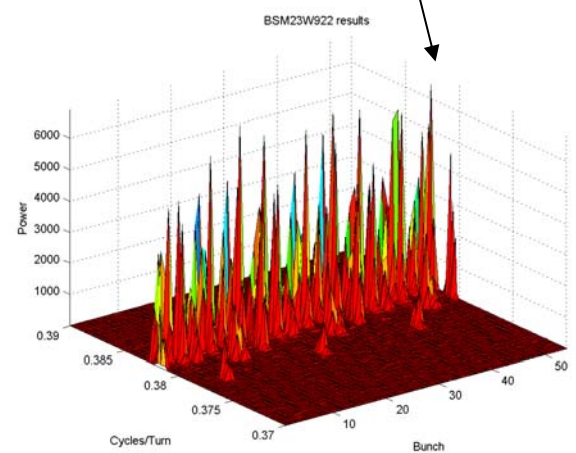
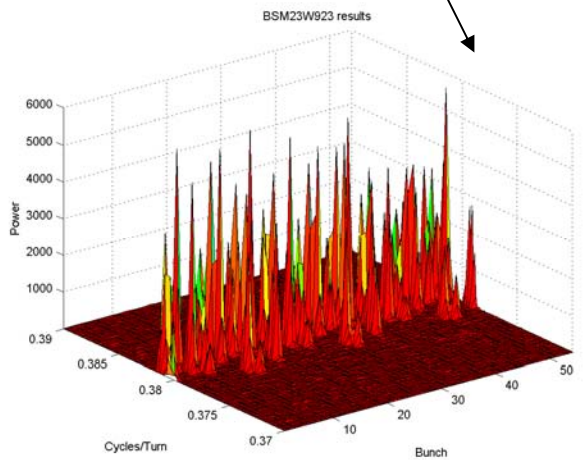


Medium I File:922
 $I_{e^-}=4.1\text{mA/bunch}$ (movie)



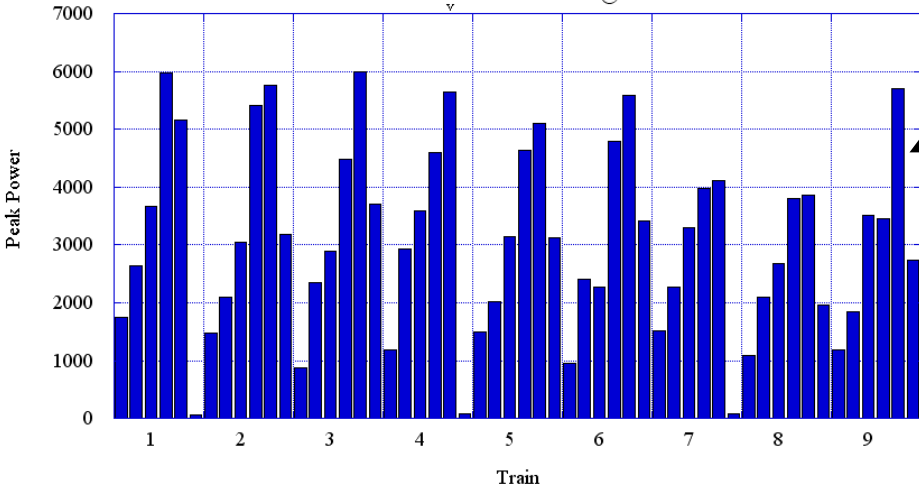
Low I File:919
 $I_{e^-}=3.8\text{mA/bunch}$ (movie)

• σ_v oscillation frequency shifts along the train.



e- high frequency σ_v oscillation-FFT Power

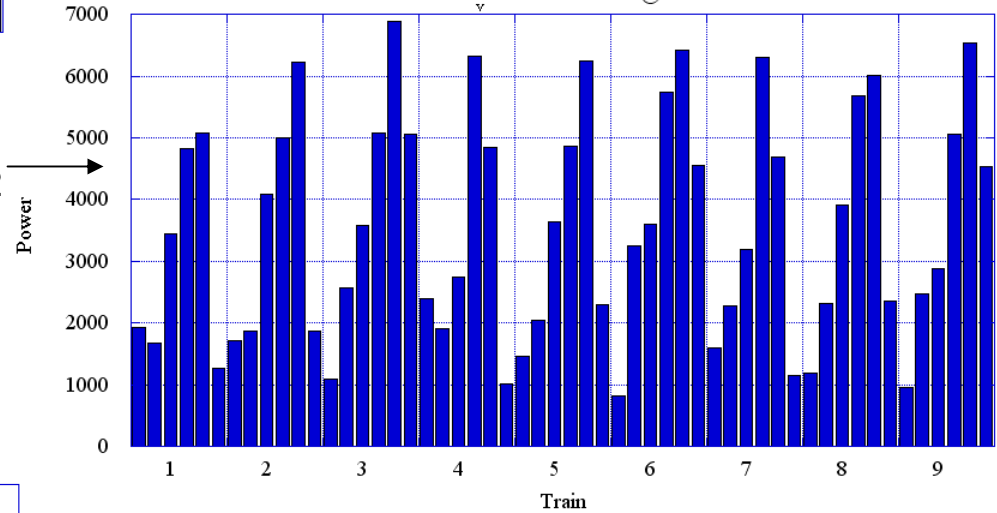
FFT of $e^- \sigma_v$ CHESS bunches @~243kHz



High I File:923
 $I_{e^-}=4.3\text{mA/bunch}$

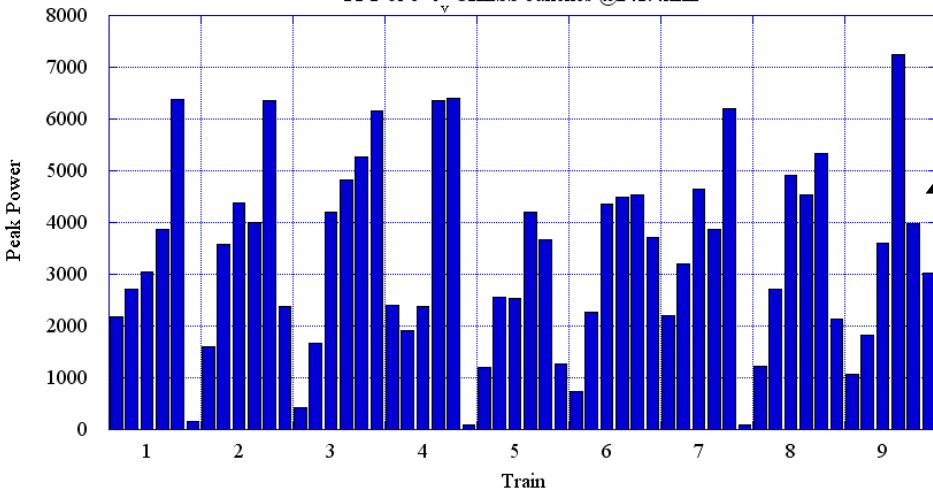
Medium I File:922
 $I_{e^-}=4.1\text{mA/bunch}$

FFT of $e^- \sigma_v$ CHESS bunches @~241.4kHz



Low I File:919
 $I_{e^-}=3.8\text{mA/bunch}$

FFT of $e^- \sigma_v$ CHESS bunches @241.4kHz

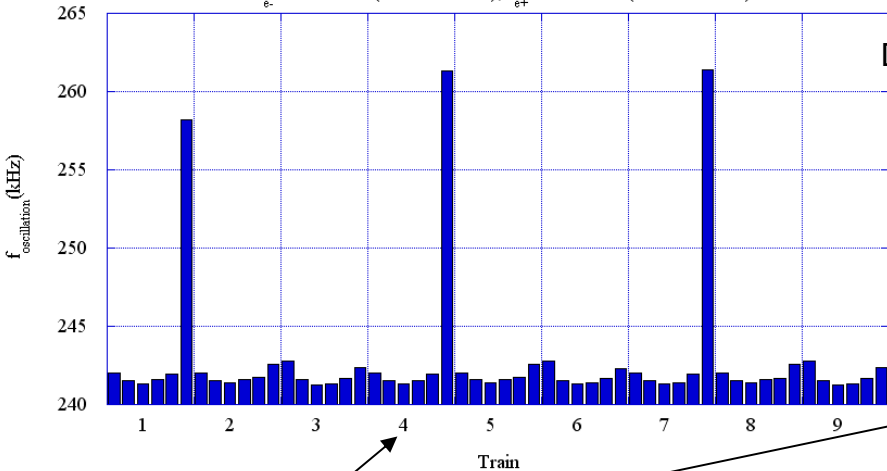


- FFT power of σ_v grows along the train except for bunch 6 in trains 1,4,7 (note different f_{osc} for these bunches on the next page).

e- high frequency σ_v oscillation-Frequency of Oscillation

e- σ_v Oscillation Frequency at Peak Power

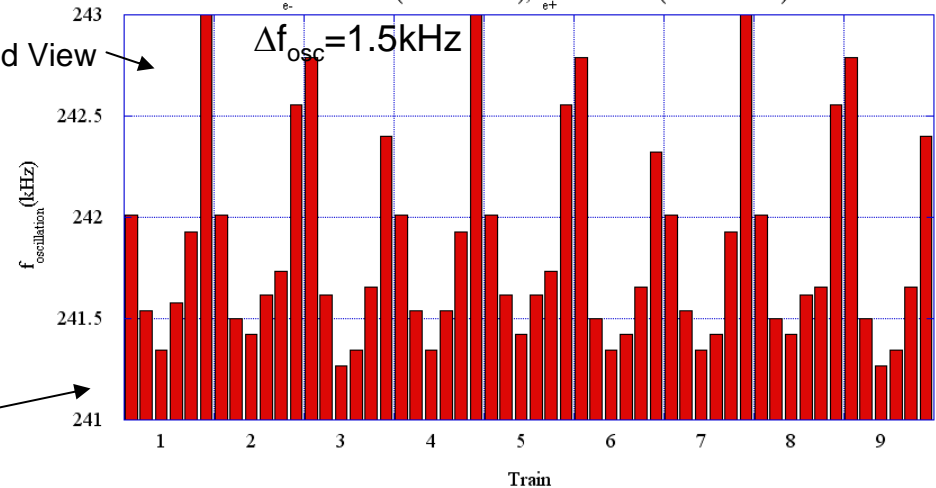
$I_{e^-} = 230.09\text{mA}$ (4.3 mA/bunch), $I_{e^+} = 201.84\text{mA}$ (3.7 mA/bunch)



Detailed View →

e- σ_v Oscillation Frequency at Peak Power

$I_{e^-} = 230.09\text{mA}$ (4.3 mA/bunch), $I_{e^+} = 201.84\text{mA}$ (3.7 mA/bunch)

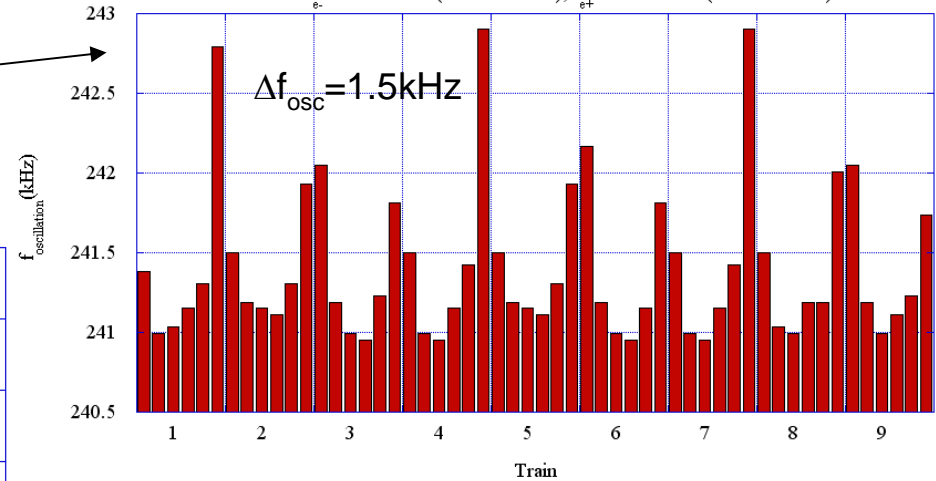


High I File:923
 $I_{e^-} = 4.3\text{mA/bunch}$

Medium I File:922
 $I_{e^-} = 4.1\text{mA/bunch}$

e- σ_v Oscillation Frequency

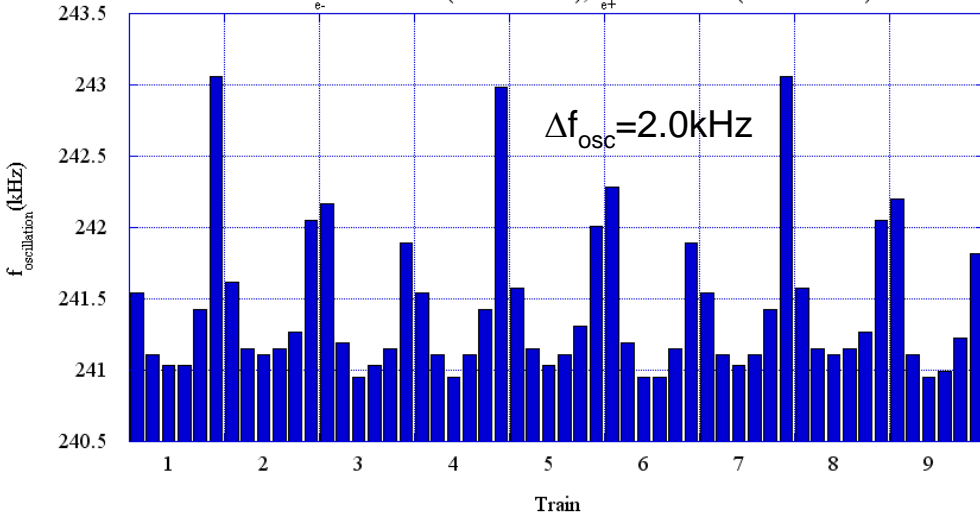
File:922 $I_{e^-} = 203.08\text{mA}$ (3.8mA/bunch), $I_{e^+} = 168.18\text{mA}$ (3.1mA/bunch)



Low I File:919
 $I_{e^-} = 3.8\text{mA/bunch}$

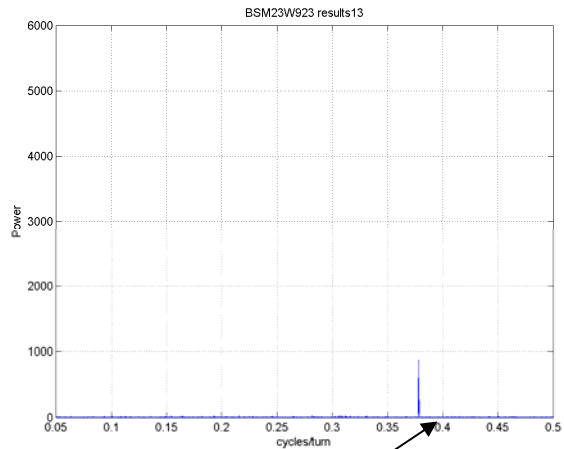
e- Vertical Position Oscillation Frequency

File: 919 $I_{e^-} = 203.08\text{mA}$ (3.8mA/bunch), $I_{e^+} = 168.18\text{mA}$ (3.1mA/bunch)

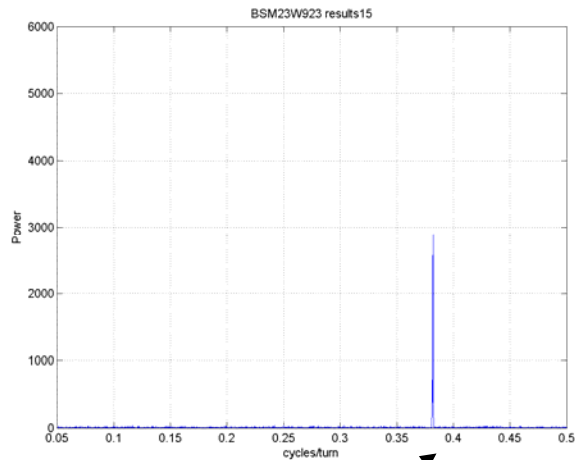


- An oscillation frequency shift, Δf_{osc} , is noted along the trains.
- A large frequency jump is noted for bunch 6 in trains 1, 4, and 7.

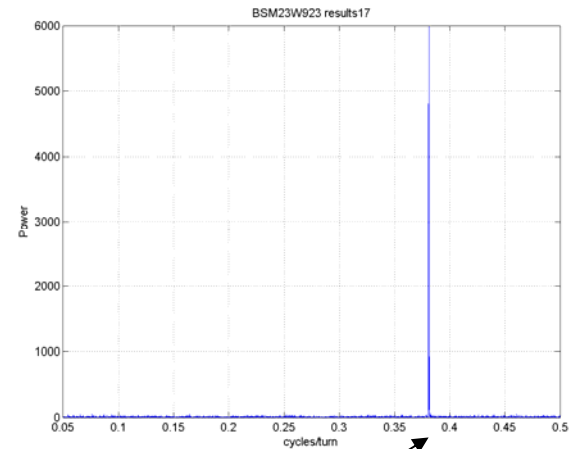
e- high frequency σ_v oscillation - FFT of σ_v - High I



Bunch 13
Peak Power=880@242.8kHz
 $\sigma_v=0.224$ mm
Std=0.021mm

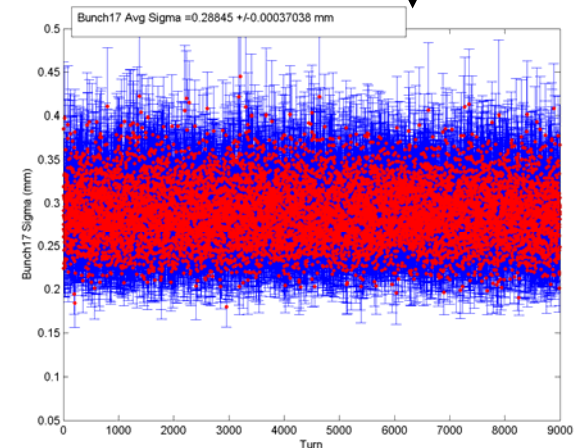
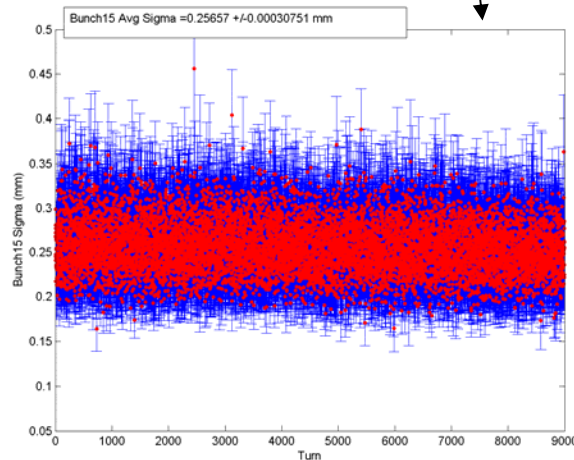
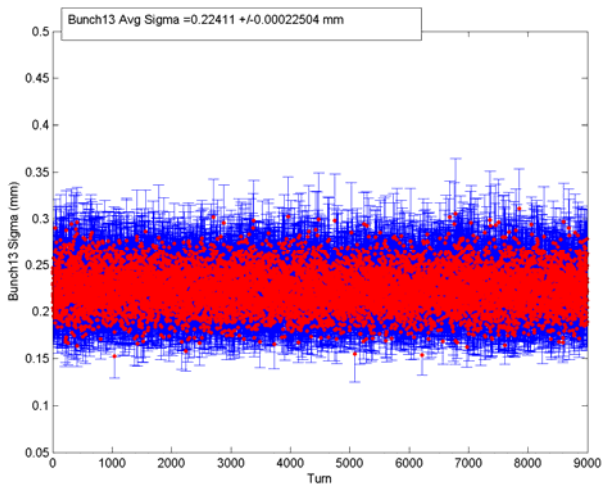


Bunch 15
Peak Power=2892@241.3kHz
 $\sigma_v=0.256$ mm
Std=0.029mm

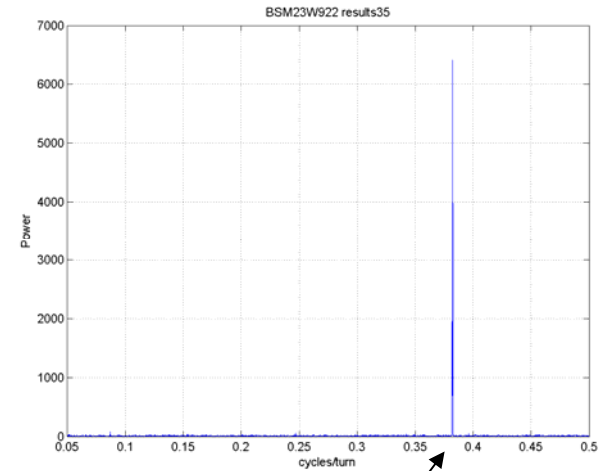
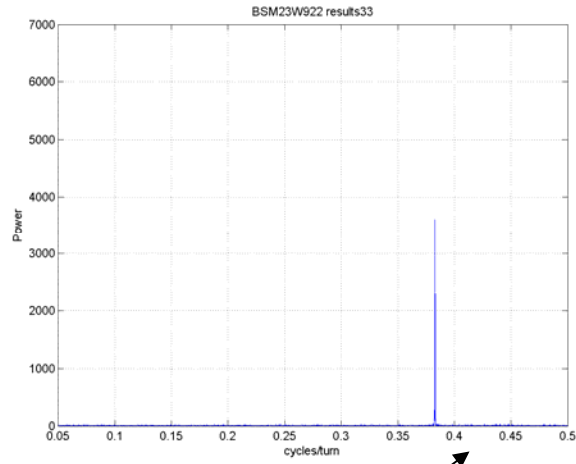
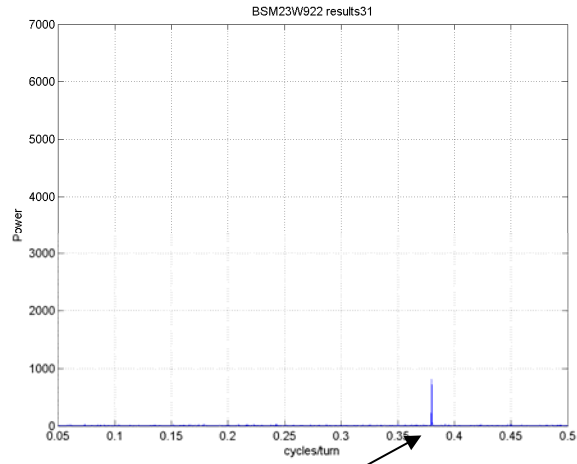


Bunch 17
Peak Power=6002@241.7kHz
 $\sigma_v=0.288$ mm
Std=0.035mm

File:923 $I_{e-}=4.3$ mA/bunch
• σ_v oscillation amplitude correlates
with FFT power



e- high frequency σ_v oscillation - FFT of σ_v - Medium I

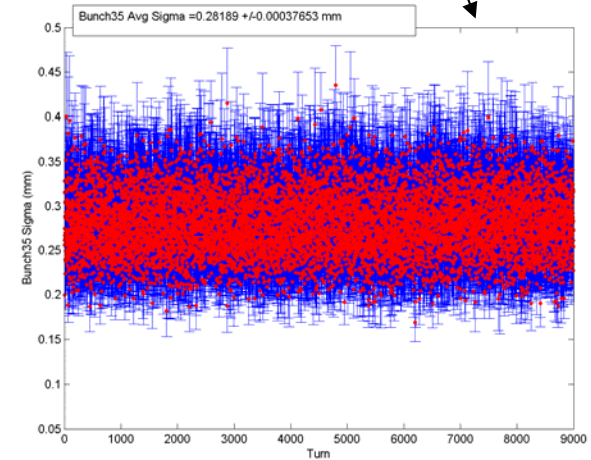
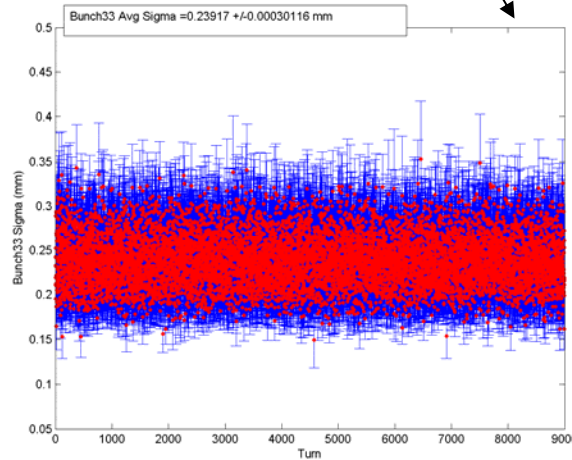
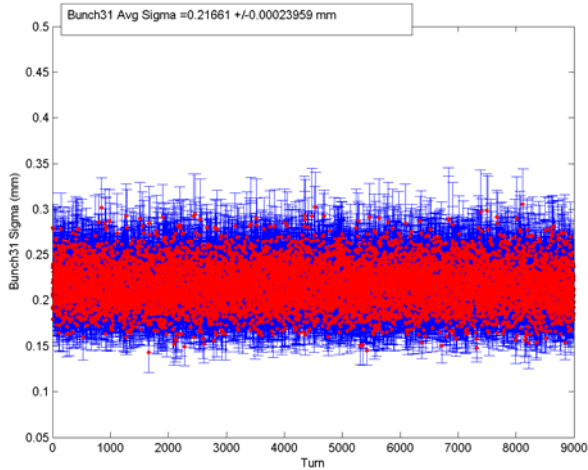


Bunch 31
Peak Power=812@242.2kHz
 $\sigma_v=0.217\text{mm}$
Std=0.023mm

Bunch 33
Peak Power=3602@241.0kHz
 $\sigma_v=0.239\text{mm}$
Std=0.029mm

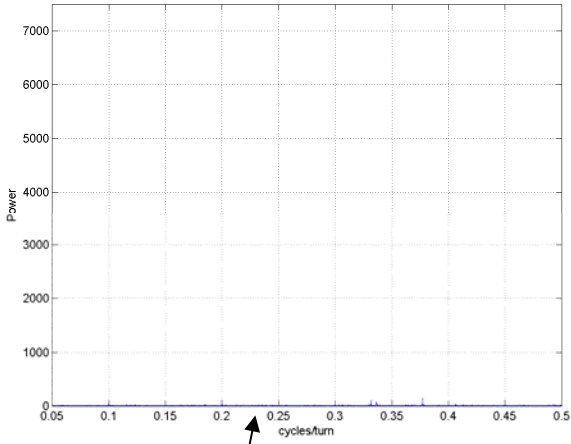
Bunch 35
Peak Power=6415@241.2kHz
 $\sigma_v=0.282\text{mm}$
Std=0.036mm

File:922 $I_{e-}=4.1\text{mA/bunch}$
• σ_v oscillation amplitude correlates with FFT power



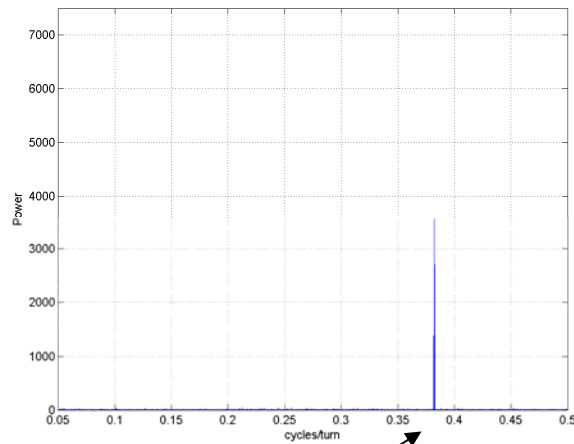
e- high frequency σ_v oscillation - FFT of σ_v - Low I

BSM23W919 results6



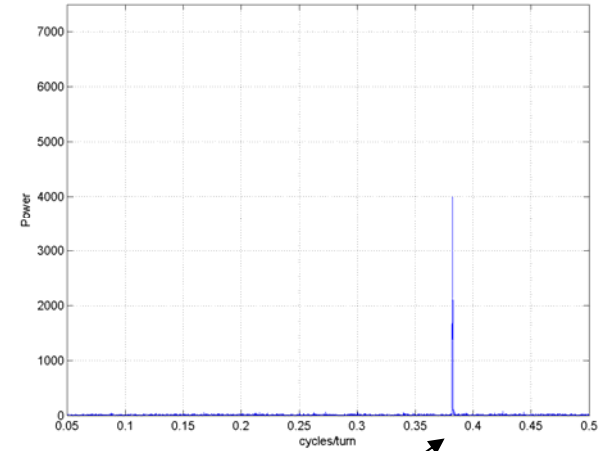
Bunch 6
Peak Power=148@243.1kHz
 $\sigma_v=0.225\text{mm}$
Std=0.022mm

BSM23W919 results8



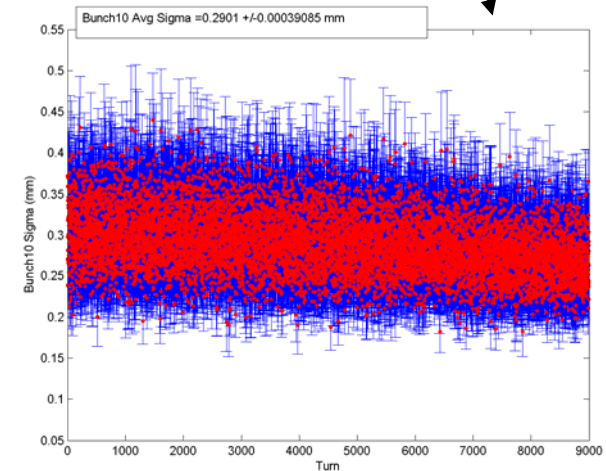
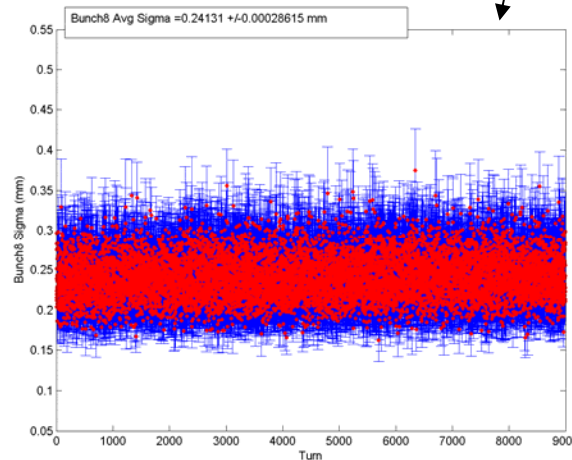
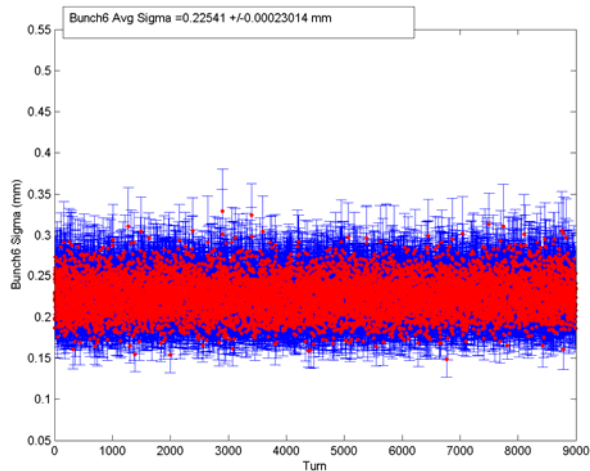
Bunch 8
Peak Power=3570@241.2kHz
 $\sigma_v=0.241\text{mm}$
Std=0.027mm

BSM23W919 results10

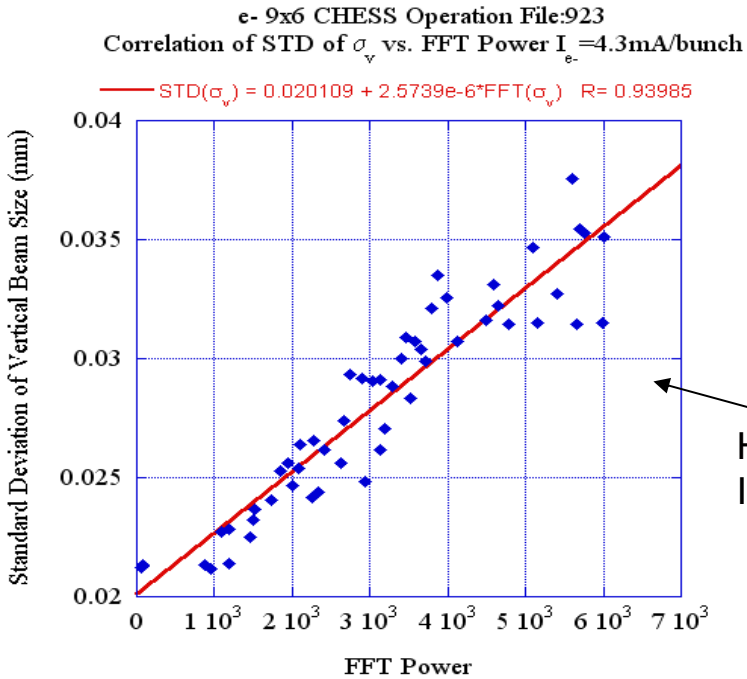


Bunch 10
Peak Power=3998@241.2kHz
 $\sigma_v=0.290\text{mm}$
Std=0.037mm

File:919 $I_e=3.8\text{mA/bunch}$
• σ_v oscillation amplitude correlates with FFT power.

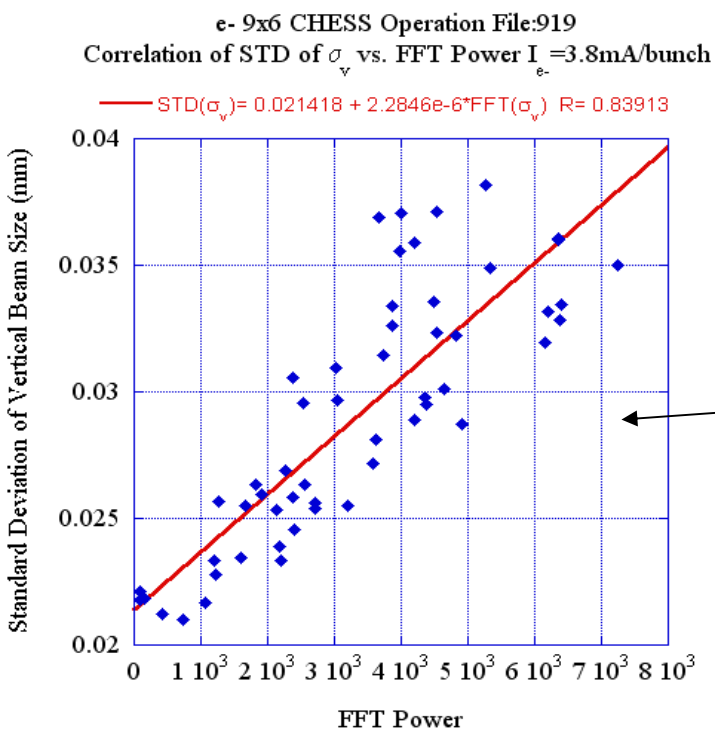


e- σ_v oscillation amplitude correlation with FFT Power



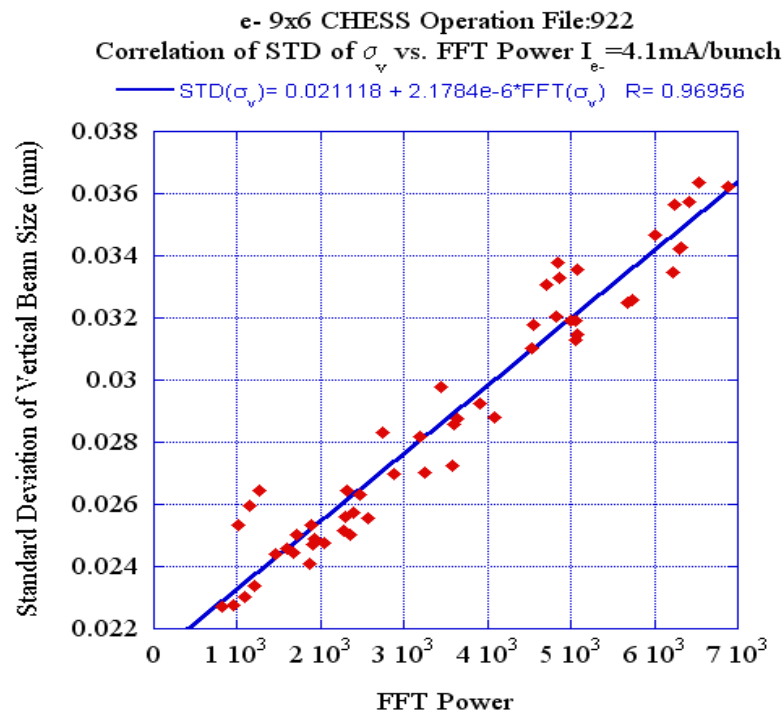
• Direct correlation between σ_v oscillation amplitude (standard deviation of σ_v) and FFT power- coherent oscillation of σ_v oscillation amplitude.

High I File:923
 $I_{e^-}=4.3\text{mA/bunch}$



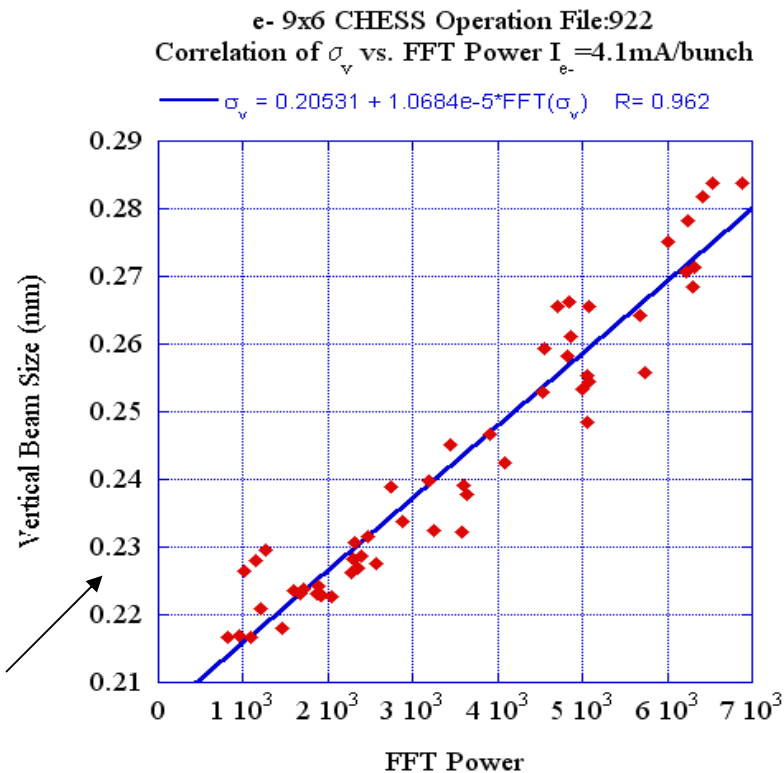
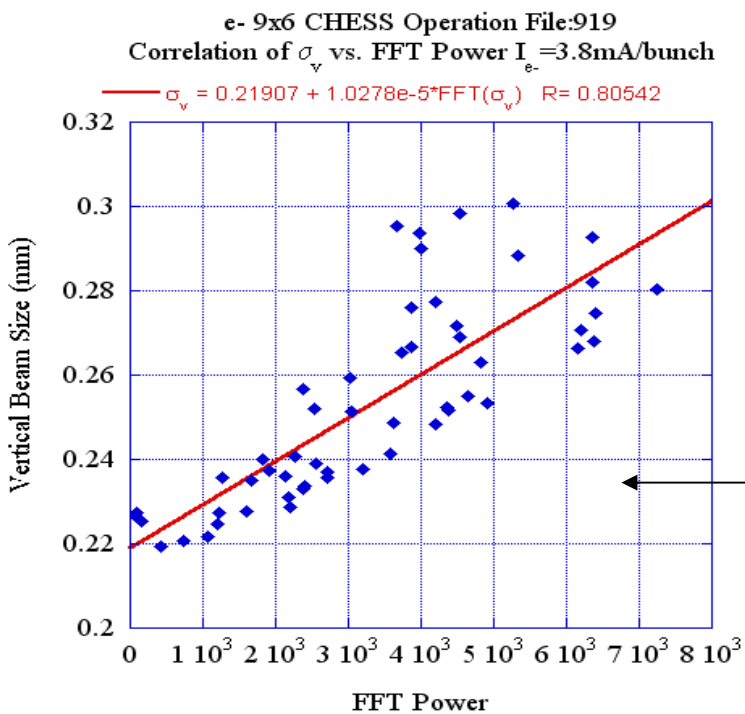
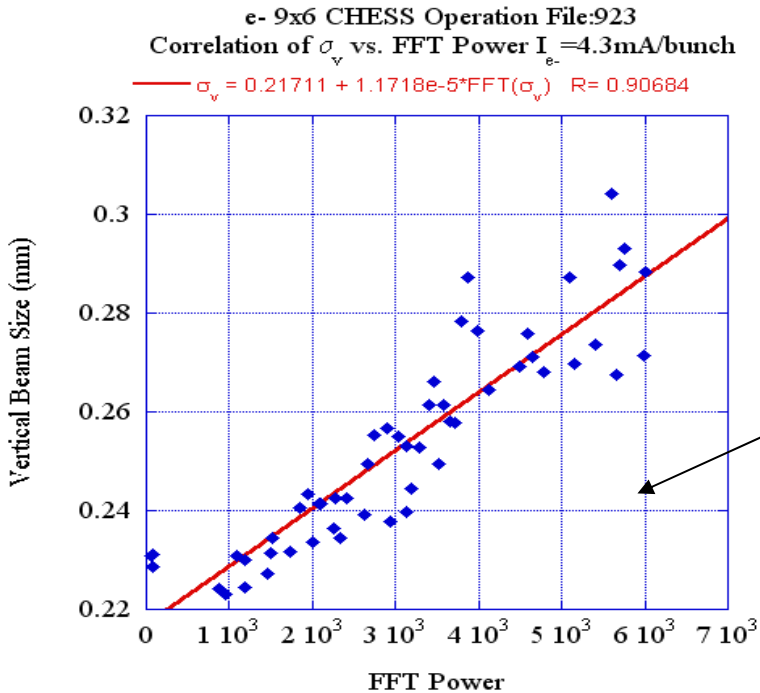
Medium I File:922
 $I_{e^-}=4.1\text{mA/bunch}$

Low I File:919
 $I_{e^-}=3.8\text{mA/bunch}$



e- σ_v correlated with FFT Power

- Direct correlation between σ_v oscillation and FFT power- σ_v growth due to coherent instability



IV Summary

e+ turn-by-turn vertical dynamics:

- The e+ vertical position oscillation is denoted in the FFT spectrum of the vertical position. The vertical position oscillation frequency shifts along the train. **Occasionally, a large jump in the oscillation frequency was noted.** As the bunch current is increased the oscillation frequency shift increases along the train. The vertical position oscillation amplitude is not dependent on the FFT power but correlates with noise in the FFT spectrum.
- Significant e+ σ_v growth along each train was measured and is dependent on the bunch current. No clear oscillation frequency of σ_v was measured and σ_v 's growth correlates with the noise in the FFT spectrum. This is a signature that an incoherent instability causes the σ_v growth along the train. **In addition, the e+ σ_v oscillation amplitude correlates with FFT power.**

e- turn-by-turn vertical dynamics:

- The e- vertical position oscillation is prominent in the FFT spectrum and the oscillation frequency shifts along the train increase **slightly** with current. **Occasionally, a large jump in the oscillation frequency was noted for bunch 6 in trains 1,4,7.** The vertical oscillation amplitude correlates with the FFT power which is a signature of a coherent oscillation.
- A σ_v growth and oscillation along the e- trains was measured. The σ_v oscillation frequency shifts along the train. The σ_v oscillation amplitude (standard deviation of σ_v) correlates with the FFT power. A direct correlation between σ_v and FFT power suggests a coherent instability is the cause of the σ_v growth along the trains.

Differences from 11/2/06 results are denoted in **red**.